



AQUAPY

Version 13 / GB
102000011789

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Revision Date: 16.11.2020
Print Date: 17.11.2020

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name AQUAPY

Product code (UVP) 06477402

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use Insecticide

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Bayer Environmental Science
230 Cambridge Science Park
Milton Road
Cambridge
Cambridgeshire CB4 0WB
United Kingdom

Telephone 00800-1214 9451

Telefax +44(0)1223 426240

Responsible Department Email: ukcropssupport@bayer.com

1.4 Emergency telephone no.

Emergency telephone no. 00800 1020 3333 (24 hr)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended.

Acute aquatic toxicity: Category 1
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity: Category 1
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended.

Hazard label for supply/use required.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:



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- Chrysanthemum cinerariaefolium, extract from open and mature flowers of Tanacetum cinerariifolium obtained with supercritical CO2 (Redefined from Pyrethrins and Pyrethroids and Chrysanthemum cinerariaefolium, ext.)
- Piperonyl butoxide



Signal word: Warning

Hazard statements

- H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
 EUH208 Contains reaction mass of 5-chloro-2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one (3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.
 EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.

Precautionary statements

- P391 Collect spillage.
 P501 Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardous-waste disposal contractor or collection site except for empty clean containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

2.3 Other hazards

Cutaneous sensations may occur, such as burning or stinging on the face and mucosae. However, these sensations cause no lesions and are of a transitory nature (max. 24 hours).

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature

Emulsion, oil in water (EW)
 Chrysanthemum cinerariaefolium, extract 30 g/l; Piperonyl butoxide 135 g/l

Hazardous components

Hazard statements according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

Name	CAS-No. / EC-No. / REACH Reg. No.	Classification	Conc. [%]
		REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008	
Chrysanthemum cinerariaefolium, extract from open and mature flowers of Tanacetum cinerariifolium obtained with supercritical CO2 (Redefined from Pyrethrins and Pyrethroids and	89997-63-7 289-699-3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	3.00



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Chrysanthemum cinerariaefolium, ext.)			
Piperonyl butoxide	51-03-6 200-076-7 01-2119537431-46-xxxx	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	13.50
Fatty alcohol polyglycol ether 16-20 EO	9004-98-2 500-016-2	Eye Dam. 1, H318	>= 1.00 – <= 3.00
Polyalkyleneoxide modified Heptamethyltrisiloxane	27306-78-1	Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	> 1.00 – < 25.00
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8 265-149-8 01-2119456620-43-xxxx	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	> 1.00 – < 10.00
Octadecan-1-ol, ethoxylated	9005-00-9 500-017-8	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	>= 0.1 – <= 0.25
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one (3:1)	55965-84-9	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 2, H310 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	> 0.00015 – < 0.0015
Cetyl alcohol	36653-82-4 253-149-0 01-2119485905-24-xxxx	Not classified	> 1

Further information

Chrysanthemum cinerariaefolium, extract from open and mature flowers of Tanacetum cinerariifolium obtained with supercritical CO2 (Redefined from Pyrethrins and Pyrethroids and Chrysanthemum cinerariaefolium, ext.)	89997-63-7	M-Factor: 100 (chronic)
Piperonyl butoxide	51-03-6	M-Factor: 1 (acute)
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	55965-84-9	M-Factor: 100 (acute), 100 (chronic)



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Substances for which there are Community workplace exposure limits:

Chrysanthemum cinerariaefolium, extract from open and mature flowers of Tanacetum cinerariifolium obtained with supercritical CO₂ (Redefined from Pyrethrins and Pyrethroids and Chrysanthemum cinerariaefolium, ext.) (89997-63-7)

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice	Move out of dangerous area. Place and transport victim in stable position (lying sideways). Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely.
Inhalation	Move to fresh air. Keep patient warm and at rest. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.
Skin contact	Wash off thoroughly with plenty of soap and water, if available with polyethyleneglycol 400, subsequently rinse with water. Warm water may increase the subjective severity of the irritation/paresthesia. This is not a sign of systemic poisoning. In case of skin irritation, application of oils or lotions containing vitamin E may be considered. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Warm water may increase the subjective severity of the irritation/paresthesia. This is not a sign of systemic poisoning. Apply soothing eye drops, if needed anaesthetic eye drops. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Do not leave victim unattended. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms	Local:, Skin and eye paraesthesia which may be severe, Usually transient with resolution within 24 hours, Skin, eye and mucous membrane irritation, Cough, Sneezing Systemic:, discomfort in the chest, tachycardia, Hypotension, Nausea, Abdominal pain, Diarrhoea, Vomiting, Blurred vision, Headache, Anorexia, Somnolence, Coma, Convulsions, Tremors, Prostration, Airway hyperreaction, Pulmonary oedema, Palpitation, Muscular fasciculation, Apathy, Dizziness
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4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Risks	This product contains a pyrethroid. Pyrethroid poisoning should not be confused with carbamate or organophosphate poisoning.
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Treatment

Systemic treatment: Initial treatment: symptomatic. Monitor: respiratory and cardiac functions. In case of ingestion gastric lavage should be considered in cases of significant ingestions only within the first 2 hours. However, the application of activated charcoal and sodium sulphate is always advisable. Keep respiratory tract clear. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. In case of convulsions, a benzodiazepine (e.g. diazepam) should be given according to standard regimens. If not effective, phenobarbital may be used. Contraindication: atropine. Contraindication: derivatives of adrenaline. There is no specific antidote. Recovery is spontaneous and without sequelae.

In case of skin irritation, application of oils or lotions containing vitamin E may be considered.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture Dangerous gases are evolved in the event of a fire.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Further information Contain the spread of the fire-fighting media. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Precautions Avoid contact with spilled product or contaminated surfaces. Use personal protective equipment.

6.2 Environmental precautions Do not allow to get into surface water, drains and ground water. If spillage enters drains leading to sewage works inform local water company immediately. If spillage enters rivers or watercourses, inform the Environment Agency (emergency telephone number 0800 807060).

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Clean contaminated floors and objects thoroughly, observing environmental regulations. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

Additional advice Check also for any local site procedures.

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6.4 Reference to other sections Information regarding safe handling, see section 7.
Information regarding personal protective equipment, see section 8.
Information regarding waste disposal, see section 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**7.1 Precautions for safe handling**

Advice on safe handling No specific precautions required when handling unopened packs/containers; follow relevant manual handling advice.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Hygiene measures Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Keep working clothes separately. Wash hands immediately after work, if necessary take a shower. Remove soiled clothing immediately and clean thoroughly before using again. Garments that cannot be cleaned must be destroyed (burnt).

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers Store in original container. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store in a place accessible by authorized persons only. Keep away from direct sunlight. Protect from frost.

Suitable materials HDPE (high density polyethylene)

7.3 Specific end use(s) Refer to the label and/or leaflet.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**8.1 Control parameters**

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Update	Basis
Chrysanthemum cinerariaefolium, extract from open and mature flowers of Tanacetum cinerariifolium obtained with supercritical CO ₂ (Redefined from Pyrethrins and Pyrethroids and Chrysanthemum cinerariaefolium, ext.)	89997-63-7	1 mg/m ³ (TWA)	12 2011	EH40 WEL
Chrysanthemum cinerariaefolium, extract from open and mature flowers of Tanacetum cinerariifolium obtained with supercritical CO ₂	89997-63-7	1 mg/m ³ (TWA)	12 2009	EU ELV

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(Redefined from Pyrethrins and Pyrethroids and Chrysanthemum cinerariaefolium, ext.)				
Chrysanthemum cinerariaefolium, extract from open and mature flowers of Tanacetum cinerariifolium obtained with supercritical CO ₂ (Redefined from Pyrethrins and Pyrethroids and Chrysanthemum cinerariaefolium, ext.)	89997-63-7	1 mg/m ³ (TWA)	2014	EU SCOELS
Piperonyl butoxide	51-03-6	50 ppm (TWA)		OES BCS*

*OES BCS: Internal Bayer AG, Crop Science Division "Occupational Exposure Standard"

8.2 Exposure controls

Refer to COSHH assessment (Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (Amendment) Regulations 2004). Engineering controls should be used in preference to personal protective equipment wherever practicable. Refer also to COSHH Essentials.

Personal protective equipment

In normal use and handling conditions please refer to the label and/or leaflet. In all other cases the following recommendations would apply.

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection is not required under anticipated circumstances of exposure.

Respiratory protection should only be used to control residual risk of short duration activities, when all reasonably practicable steps have been taken to reduce exposure at source e.g. containment and/or local extract ventilation. Always follow respirator manufacturer's instructions regarding wearing and maintenance.

Hand protection

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time.

Wash gloves when contaminated. Dispose of when contaminated inside, when perforated or when contamination on the outside cannot be removed. Wash hands frequently and always before eating, drinking, smoking or using the toilet.

Material	Nitrile rubber
Rate of permeability	> 480 min
Glove thickness	> 0.4 mm
Directive	Protective gloves complying with EN 374.

Eye protection

Wear goggles (conforming to EN166, Field of Use = 5 or equivalent).

Skin and body protection

Wear standard coveralls and Category 3 Type 6 suit.

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If there is a risk of significant exposure, consider a higher protective type suit.

Wear two layers of clothing wherever possible. Polyester/cotton or cotton overalls should be worn under chemical protection suit and should be professionally laundered frequently.

If chemical protection suit is splashed, sprayed or significantly contaminated, decontaminate as far as possible, then carefully remove and dispose of as advised by manufacturer.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Form	emulsion
Colour	white to light yellow
Odour	weak, characteristic
Odour Threshold	No data available
pH	<= 6.0 (100 %) (23 °C)
Melting point/range	No data available
Boiling Point	No data available
Flash point	> 79 °C
Flammability	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	No data available
Minimum ignition energy	No data available
Self-accelarating decomposition temperature (SADT)	No data available
Upper explosion limit	No data available
Lower explosion limit	No data available
Vapour pressure	No data available
Evaporation rate	No data available
Relative vapour density	No data available
Relative density	No data available
Density	ca. 1.00 g/cm ³ (20 °C)
Water solubility	miscible
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Chrysanthemum cinerariaefolium, ext.: Pow: > 4 Piperonyl butoxide: log Pow: 4.75
Particle size	<= 4 µm
Particle size	<= 5 µm 20 °C

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Viscosity, dynamic	<= 100 mPa.s (20 °C) Velocity gradient 7.5 /s
Viscosity, kinematic	No data available
Surface tension	25.8 mN/m (25 °C) Determined in the undiluted form.
Oxidizing properties	No oxidizing properties
Explosivity	Not explosive
9.2 Other information	Further safety related physical-chemical data are not known.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**10.1 Reactivity****Thermal decomposition** Stable under normal conditions.**10.2 Chemical stability** Stable under recommended storage conditions.**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** No hazardous reactions when stored and handled according to prescribed instructions.**10.4 Conditions to avoid** Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.**10.5 Incompatible materials** Store only in the original container.**10.6 Hazardous decomposition products** No decomposition products expected under normal conditions of use.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**11.1 Information on toxicological effects****Acute oral toxicity** LD50 (Rat) > 5,000 mg/kg**Acute inhalation toxicity** LC50 (Rat) > 1.64 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Determined in the form of a respirable aerosol.
Highest attainable concentration.
No deaths**Acute dermal toxicity** LD50 (Rat) > 5,000 mg/kg**Skin corrosion/irritation** No skin irritation (Rabbit)**Serious eye damage/eye irritation** No eye irritation (Rabbit)**Respiratory or skin sensitisation** Non-sensitizing. (Mouse)
OECD Test Guideline 429, local lymph node assay (LLNA)**Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure**

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Chrysanthemum cinerariaefolium, ext.: This information is not available.

Piperonyl butoxide: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure

Chrysanthemum cinerariaefolium, ext.: This information is not available.

Piperonyl butoxide did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies.

Assessment mutagenicity

Chrysanthemum cinerariaefolium, ext. was not genotoxic in a battery of in vitro tests.

Piperonyl butoxide was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

Assessment carcinogenicity

Chrysanthemum cinerariaefolium, ext.: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Piperonyl butoxide was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice.

Assessment toxicity to reproduction

Chrysanthemum cinerariaefolium, ext.: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Piperonyl butoxide did not cause reproductive toxicity in a two-generation study in rats.

Assessment developmental toxicity

Chrysanthemum cinerariaefolium, ext.: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Piperonyl butoxide did not cause developmental toxicity in rats and rabbits.

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Further information

Cutaneous sensations may occur, such as burning or stinging on the face and mucosae. However, these sensations cause no lesions and are of a transitory nature (max. 24 hours).

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**12.1 Toxicity**

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)) 0.244 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to aquatic invertebrates EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)) 0.216 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to aquatic plants EC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)) 4.9 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability Chrysanthemum cinerariaefolium, ext.:
Not readily biodegradable.
Piperonyl butoxide:
Not rapidly biodegradable

Koc Piperonyl butoxide: Koc: 399 - 830

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation Chrysanthemum cinerariaefolium, ext.: Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
471

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Potential bioaccumulation**12.4 Mobility in soil****Mobility in soil**Chrysanthemum cinerariaefolium, ext.: Immobile in soil
Piperonyl butoxide: Moderately mobile in soils**12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment****PBT and vPvB assessment**Chrysanthemum cinerariaefolium, ext.: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).
Piperonyl butoxide: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).**12.6 Other adverse effects****Additional ecological information**

No other effects to be mentioned.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**13.1 Waste treatment methods****Product**

In accordance with current regulations and, if necessary, after consultation with the site operator and/or with the responsible authority, the product may be taken to a waste disposal site or incineration plant. Advice may be obtained from the local waste regulation authority (part of the Environment Agency in the UK).

Contaminated packagingSmall containers (< 10 l or < 10 kg) should be rinsed thoroughly using an integrated pressure rinsing device, or, by manually rinsing three times.
Add washings to sprayer at time of filling.
Dispose of empty and cleaned packaging safely.
Large containers (> 25 l or > 25 kg) should not be rinsed or re-used for any other purpose.
Return large containers to supplier.
Follow advice on product label and/or leaflet.**Waste key for the unused product****02 01 08*** agrochemical waste containing hazardous substances**SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION****ADR/RID/ADN**

14.1 UN number

3082

14.2 Proper shipping name

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,
N.O.S.
(PYRETHRINS SOLUTION)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

9

14.4 Packaging Group

III

14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark

YES

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Tunnel Code -

This classification is in principle not valid for carriage by tank vessel on inland waterways. Please refer to the manufacturer for further information.

IMDG

14.1 UN number	3082
14.2 Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (PYRETHRINS SOLUTION)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9
14.4 Packaging Group	III
14.5 Marine pollutant	YES

IATA

14.1 UN number	3082
14.2 Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (PYRETHRINS SOLUTION)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9
14.4 Packaging Group	III
14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark	YES

UK 'Carriage' Regulations

14.1 UN number	3082
14.2 Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (PYRETHRINS SOLUTION)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9
14.4 Packaging Group	III
14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark	YES
Emergency action code	3Z

14.6 Special precautions for user

See sections 6 to 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

No transport in bulk according to the IBC Code.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture****UK and Northern Ireland Regulatory References**

This material may be subject to some or all of the following regulations (and any subsequent amendments). Users must ensure that any uses and restrictions as indicated on the label and/or leaflet are followed.

Transport

Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No 1348)



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Merchant Shipping (Dangerous Goods and Marine Pollutants) Regulations 1997 (SI 1997 No 2367)
Air Navigation Dangerous Goods Regulations 2002 (SI 2002 No 2786)

Supply and Use

Chemical (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No 716)
Chemical (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) (Northern Ireland) Regulations 2009
Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (SI 2002 No 2677)
EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits - Table 1 List of approved workplace exposure limits
Control of Pesticide Regulations 1986
Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2002

Waste Treatment

Environmental Protection Act 1990, Part II
Environmental Protection (Duty of Care) Regulations 1991
The Waste Management Licensing Regulations 1994 (as amended)
Hazardous Waste Regulations 2005 (Replacing Special Waste Regulations 1996 as amended)
Landfill Directive
Regulation on Substances That Deplete the Ozone Layer 1994 (EEC/3093/94)
Water Resources Act 1991
Anti-Pollution Works Regulations 1999

Further information

WHO-classification: U (Unlikely to present acute hazard in normal use)

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment is not required.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Text of the hazard statements mentioned in Section 3

H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H310	Fatal in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Abbreviations and acronyms

<** Phrase does not exist: ZCUST - X11.00000645 **>
does not exist: ZCUST
-
X11.0000064
5 **>
ADN European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by



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ADR	Inland Waterways European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
CAS-Nr.	Chemical Abstracts Service number
Conc.	Concentration
EC-No.	European community number
ECx	Effective concentration to x %
EH40 WEL	Worker Exposure Limit
EINECS	European inventory of existing commercial substances
ELINCS	European list of notified chemical substances
EN	European Standard
EU	European Union
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IBC	International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk (IBC Code)
ICx	Inhibition concentration to x %
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LCx	Lethal concentration to x %
LDx	Lethal dose to x %
LOEC/LOEL	Lowest observed effect concentration/level
MARPOL	MARPOL: International Convention for the prevention of marine pollution from ships
N.O.S.	Not otherwise specified
NOEC/NOEL	No observed effect concentration/level
OECD	Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
RID	Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
SI	Statutory Instrument
TWA	Time weighted average
UN	United Nations
WHO	World health organisation

The above information is intended to give general health and safety guidance on the storage and transport of the product.

It is not intended to apply to the use of the product for which purposes the product label and any appropriate technical usage literature available should be consulted and any relevant licenses, consents or approvals complied with.

The requirements or recommendations of any relevant site or working procedure, system or policy in force or arising from any risk assessment involving the substance or product should take precedence over any of the guidance contained in this safety data sheet where there is a difference in the information given.

The information provided in this safety data sheet is accurate at the date of publication and will be updated as and when appropriate.

No liability will be accepted for any injury, loss or damage resulting from any failure to take account of information or advice contained in this safety data sheet.

Reason for Revision: Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830. The following sections have been revised: Section 2: Hazards Identification. Section 3: Composition / Information on Ingredients.

Changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin. This version replaces all previous versions.