

# sakarati<sup>®</sup>

# BROMABAIT<sup>®</sup>



**Killgerm<sup>®</sup>**  
www.killgerm.com

**Contains 0.005%w/w(0.05g/Kg) bromadiolone**

**RODENTICIDE FOR PROFESSIONAL USE IN AND AROUND BUILDINGS, IN OPEN AREAS AND WASTE DUMPS**

#### TARGET ORGANISMS:

*Rattus norvegicus* (Norway rat, Brown rat)

*Mus musculus/domesticus* (House mouse)

#### APPLICATION RATE(S) AND FREQUENCY:

For the control of rats, place up to 250g of bait every 10m, reducing to 5m in areas of high infestation (not more than 100g of bait in a 10 square metre area).

For the control of mice, bait points of 50g should be placed every 10m<sup>2</sup> alternatively every 5 metres, reducing to 2 metres in areas of high infestation.

Periodic inspections of the bait points must be carried out (this is recommended every 3 – 4 days), replacing any bait that has been consumed by the rodents, damaged by water or contaminated by dirt.

**HAZARD STATEMENTS:**  
**MAY DAMAGE THE UNBORN CHILD.**  
**CAUSES DAMAGE TO ORGANS (BLOOD)**  
**THROUGH PROLONGED OR REPEATED**  
**EXPOSURE**



**DANGER**

#### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS:

Keep out of reach of children.

Read label before use.

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Do not breathe dust.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Avoid release to the environment.

Wear protective gloves.

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Store locked up in a closed container.

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulations.

#### PROFESSIONAL USE:

**To be used only by professional users holding certification demonstrating compliance with UK rodenticide stewardship regime requirements.**

**Read the label before use. Using this product in a manner that is inconsistent with the label may be an offence. Refer to the CRRU UK Code of Best Practice (or equivalent) for guidance.**

**When this product is supplied to a user for the control of rodents, it shall only be supplied to a professional user holding certification demonstrating compliance with UK rodenticide stewardship regime requirements.**

For use at covered and protected bait points / in tamper resistant bait stations and placement into rat burrows/hole where holes are plugged with a tussock of grass or covered with natural site materials (logs, slate, stones etc). The resistance status of the target population should be taken into account when considering the choice of rodenticide to be used. In those areas where evidence of resistance to specific active ingredients is suspected, avoid their use.

To control the spread of resistance, it is advisable to alternate baits containing different anticoagulant active ingredients.

The product may be applied by professional users only when appropriate chemical resistant gloves (EN 374) are used.

Wash hands and exposed skin before meals and after use.

Baits must be securely deposited in a way so as to minimize the risk of consumption by other animals or children.

Keep locked up and out of reach of children.

Where possible, secure baits so that they cannot be dragged away. Prevent access to bait by children, birds and non-target animals (particularly dogs, cats, pigs and poultry).

Unless under the supervision of a pest control operator or other competent person, do not use anticoagulant rodenticides as permanent baits. In most cases, anticoagulant bait should have achieved control within 35 days. Should activity continue beyond this time, the likely cause should be determined.

Search for and remove dead rodents at frequent intervals during treatment, at least as often as when baits are checked and/or replenished. Daily inspection may be required in some circumstances.

Dispose of dead rodents in accordance with local requirements. In the UK poisoned rodents may be disposed of by the waste producer at an incinerator or landfill permitted to accept that type of waste, or collected by a registered waste carrier and taken for disposal at a suitably permitted site. For further information on disposal contact the Environment Agency (<http://www.environment-agency.gov.uk>) or SEPA (<http://www.sepa.org.uk>).

When the product is being used in public areas and tamper resistant bait stations are not used, the areas treated must be marked during the treatment period and a notice explaining the risk of primary or secondary poisoning by the anticoagulant as well as indicating the first measures to be taken in case of poisoning must be made available alongside the baits. When tamper-resistant bait stations are used, they should be clearly marked to show that they contain rodenticides and that they should not be disturbed.

Antidote vitamin K1 (under medical supervision). UK medical professionals should contact the National Poisons Information Service ([www.npis.org](http://www.npis.org)) for further advice.

#### PARTICULARS OF LIKELY DIRECT OR INDIRECT EFFECTS, FIRST AID INSTRUCTIONS AND EMERGENCY MEASURES TO PROTECT THE ENVIRONMENT:

Bromadiolone is an anticoagulant which may produce bleeding; the onset of bleeding may be delayed for several days after exposure. If there is no active bleeding the INR (prothrombin time) should be measured on presentation and 48-72 hours after exposure. If the INR is greater than 4, administer Vitamin K1 (phytomenadione) 5-10 mg by slow intravenous injection (100 µg/kg body weight for a child).

Treatment with phytomenadione (orally or intravenously) may be required for several weeks. The advice of the National Poisons Information Service (<http://www.npis.org/>) should be sought, particularly if active bleeding occurs.

Take the person out of the contaminated zone and remove stained or splashed clothing.

For eye contact: wash eyes with abundant water for at least 15 minutes. Do not forget to remove contact lenses.

For skin contact: wash the skin with abundant soap and water, without rubbing.

If ingested, DO NOT cause vomiting.

Keep the patient at rest and maintain body temperature.

Check breathing. If necessary, provide artificial respiration.

If the person is unconscious, place them on their side with their head lower than the rest of their body and knees half bent.

Transfer the poison victim to a hospital and take the label or package whenever possible.

DO NOT LEAVE THE POISON VICTIM ALONE AT ANY TIME.

Contains Denatonium Benzoate.

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR SAFE DISPOSAL OF THE PRODUCT AND ITS PACKAGING:

Remove all baits after treatment and dispose of them in accordance with local requirements.

Dead rodents and bait found outside bait stations should be disposed of using protective gloves.

Professionals: For information on disposal in the UK contact the Environment Agency (<http://www.environment-agency.gov.uk>) or SEPA (<http://www.sepa.org.uk>).

#### CONDITIONS OF STORAGE AND SHELF-LIFE OF THE PRODUCT UNDER NORMAL CONDITIONS OF STORAGE:

Store only in original container.

Keep in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area.

Keep away from sun and other heat sources.

Protect against frost.

The product is stable for more than 2 years.

See separate sticker for expiry date.

#### AUTHORISATION HOLDER:

Killgerm Chemicals Ltd  
115 Wakefield Road,  
Ossett  
West Yorkshire  
WF5 9AR  
UK

**AUTHORISATION NUMBER:** UK-2015-0931

**LABEL REF:** JAN18

## Contents: 20kg

**Batch No and D.O.M: See Separate Stickers**

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