



Killgerm[®]
www.killgerm.com

sakarati[®]

WARFARIN WHOLE WHEAT

Contains 0.05%w/w (0.5g/kg) Warfarin

RODENTICIDE FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY IN AND AROUND BUILDINGS, IN OPEN AREAS AND WASTE DUMPS

TARGET ORGANISMS:

Rattus norvegicus (Norway rat, Brown rat).

APPLICATION RATE(S):

Low infestation: 200g bait per bait point every 5-metres
High infestation: 200g bait per bait point every 1-metre

HAZARD STATEMENT:

May damage the unborn child.
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS:

Wear protective gloves
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
Obtain special instructions before use.
If exposed or concerned get medical advice/attention.
Store locked up.
Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulations.

PROFESSIONAL USE:

Rodenticide for Professional use in and around buildings, in open areas and waste dumps. For Professional use only.
To be used only by professional users holding certification demonstrating compliance with UK rodenticide stewardship regime requirements.
Read the label before use. Using this product in a manner that is inconsistent with the label may be an offence. Refer to the CRRU UK Code of Best Practice (or equivalent) for guidance.
When this product is supplied to a user for the control of rodents, it shall only be supplied to a professional user holding certification demonstrating compliance with UK rodenticide stewardship regime requirements.

Wash hands and exposed skin before meals and after use.
Keep locked up and out of reach of children.
The resistance status of the target population should be taken into account when considering the choice of rodenticide to be used. In those areas where evidence of resistance to specific active ingredients is suspected, avoid their use. To control the spreading of resistance, it is advisable to alternate baits containing different anticoagulant active ingredients.
The product may be applied by professional users only when appropriate chemical resistant gloves (EN 374) are used.
Baits must be securely deposited in a way so as to minimize the risk of consumption by other animals or children. Where possible, secure baits so that they cannot be dragged away.
Prevent access to bait by children, birds and non-target animals (particularly dogs, cats, pigs and poultry)

Unless under the supervision of a pest control operator or other competent person, do not use anticoagulant rodenticides as permanent baits. In most cases, anticoagulant bait should have achieved control within 35 days. Should activity continue beyond this time the likely cause should be determined.

Search for and remove dead rodents at frequent intervals during treatment, at least as often as when baits are checked and/or replenished. Daily inspection may be required in some circumstances.

Dispose of dead rodents in accordance with local requirements. Poisoned rodents may be disposed of by the waste producer at an incinerator or landfill permitted to accept that type of waste, or collected by a registered waste carrier and taken for disposal at a suitably permitted site. For further information on disposal contact the Environment Agency (<http://www.environment-agency.gov.uk>) or SEPA (<http://www.sepa.org.uk>).

When the product is being used in public areas and tamper resistant bait stations are not being used the areas treated must be marked during the treatment period and a notice explaining the risk of primary or secondary poisoning by the anticoagulant as well as indicating the first measures to be taken in case of poisoning must be made available alongside the baits.

When tamper resistant bait stations are used, they should be clearly marked to show that they contain rodenticides and that they should not be disturbed. For use in covered bait points only.

Antidote vitamin K1 (under medical supervision). UK medical professionals should contact the National Poisons Information Service (www.npis.org) for further advice.

PARTICULARS OF LIKELY DIRECT OR INDIRECT EFFECTS, FIRST AID INSTRUCTIONS AND EMERGENCY MEASURES TO PROTECT THE ENVIRONMENT:

Warfarin is an anticoagulant which may produce bleeding; this may be delayed for several days after exposure. If there is no active bleeding the INR (prothrombin time) should be measured on presentation and 48-72 hours after exposure. If the INR is greater than 4, administer Vitamin K1 (phytomenadione) 5-10 mg by slow intravenous injection (100 µg/kg body weight for a child). Treatment with phytomenadione (orally or intravenously) may be required for several weeks. The advice of the National Poisons Information Service (<http://www.npis.org/>) should be sought, particularly if active bleeding occurs.

General: In case of accident, suspected exposure or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show label where possible).

If swallowed: seek medical advice immediately.

Contact with skin: Wash with soap and water. Remove and launder any contaminated clothing.

Contact with eyes: Remove contact lenses if present and rinse the eye slowly and gently for 15-20 minutes. Seek medical advice immediately.

This product is hazardous to mammals including domesticated animals, and birds if ingested. Exposure of non-target animals should be prevented.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SAFE DISPOSAL OF THE PRODUCT AND ITS PACKAGING::

Empty containers: Empty completely – do not remove inner liner. Dispose of as below.

Unused/recovered materials: Do not dispose of in domestic refuse. Treat as controlled waste. Ask supplier for advice.

Remove all baits after treatment and dispose of them in accordance with local requirements.

Dead rodents and bait found outside bait stations should be disposed of using protective gloves.

Professionals: In the UK for information on disposal contact the Environment Agency (<http://www.environment-agency.gov.uk>) or SEPA (<http://www.sepa.org.uk>).

CONDITIONS OF STORAGE AND SHELF-LIFE OF THE PRODUCT UNDER NORMAL CONDITIONS OF STORAGE:

Store in original container, tightly closed under cool and dry conditions protected from frost, in a safe place.

Store and transport away from products which have an odour.

A shelf life of up to 2 years is supported.

AUTHORISATION HOLDER:

Killgerm Chemicals Limited
Wakefield Road
Ossett
West Yorkshire
WF5 9AJ

AUTHORISATION NUMBER: UK-2017-1059

Date of issue of authorisation: 16th Feb 2017

Expiry date of authorisation: 16th Feb 2021



DANGER

Net Contents 20kg

Batch No: See separate label
Expiry date of product: See separate label

Killgerm Chemicals Ltd., 115 Wakefield Road, Ossett, West Yorkshire, WF5 9AJ (UK)
t 01924 268400 e sales@killgerm.com www.killgerm.com

